So whoever obeys him will enter paradise, and whoever disobeys him will enter the fire.⁵

[5]:

His saying, "Whoever obeys him": meaning in that which he commands, then he will enter paradise.

And his saying, "And whoever disobeys him": in that which he forbade, then he will enter the fire.

This is something for which there is a great deal of confirmation in the Qur'aan. He the Most High said:

Whoever obeys the Messenger, then he has indeed obeyed Allaah. [4:80]

And He the Most High said:

And We did not send any Messenger except that he should be obeyed by the permission of Allaah. [4:64]

And He the Perfect said:

And if you obey him (the Prophet <u>sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam</u>) you will be rightly guided. [24:54]

And He the Most High said:

And obey the Messenger that you may be shown mercy. [24:56]

So whoever obeys him is guided, and will enter paradise, and whoever disobeys him will be astray and will enter the fire. He *sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam* said:

"All of you will enter paradise except for those who refuse." They said, 'O Messenger of Allaah, and who will refuse?' He said, "Whoever obeys me enters paradise and whoever disobeys me has refused."

So his <u>sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam</u> saying, "He has refused": means he will have refused to enter paradise.

And he sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam said:

"No-one will hear of me, no Jew nor any Christian, and then not believe in that which I came with except that he will enter the fire."

So whoever obeys him will enter paradise and whoever disobeys him will enter the fire, and this is the distinguishing factor between the true believer and between the disbeliever.

¹ Reported by al-Bukhaaree as <u>h</u>adeeth 7280 from a <u>h</u>adeeth of Aboo Huraira *radiyallaahu'anhu* in Kitaab-ul-I'ti<u>s</u>aam with the wording, "Everyone from my Ummah will enter paradise..."

² Reported by Muslim as <u>h</u>adeeth 153 from a <u>h</u>adeeth of Aboo Huraira *radiyallaahu* 'anhu.

And the proof is His saying, He the Most High:

We sent a Messenger to you as a witness for or against you, just as we sent a Messenger to the Pharaoh. But the Pharaoh disobeyed the Messenger so we seized him with a severe punishment. [73:15-16]

[6]:

His saying, "And the proof": meaning for the sending of the Messenger is His saying, He the Most High:

We sent a Messenger to you as a witness for or against you, just as we sent a Messenger to the Pharaoh. But the Pharaoh disobeyed the Messenger so we seized him with a severe punishment. [73:15-16]

His saying, He the Most High, "Innaa", the pronoun here (meaning 'We') refers to Allaah the Perfect and Most High and this is a pronoun of one declaring his own greatness, because He is indeed Tremendous, the Perfect and Most High.

"We sent", likewise this pronoun is to show greatness, and the meaning of, "arsalnaa", is We sent him and sent revelation to him.

The word, "ilaykum", (to you people), meaning O two weighty species (mankind and the *jinn*). It is an address to the whole of mankind, because the *risaalah* (messengership) of this Messenger is universal to all of mankind until the Hour is established.

"Rasoolan", (a Messenger), he is Muhammad sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam.

And the phrase:

As a witness upon you [73:15]

Meaning: with Allaah, the Perfect and Most High, on the Day of Resurrection, a witness that he conveyed to you the message of Allaah, and that he established the proof upon you, just as He the Most High said:

Allaah sent Messengers as bringers of glad tidings for the obedient ones, and as warners for the disobedient ones, so that no plea should remain with the people with Allaah, after the sending of the Messengers. [4:165]

So no-one on the Day of Resurrection will be able to say, "I did not know that I was created for worship, I did not know what was obligatory upon me, I did not know what was forbidden for me". It will not be possible for someone to say this, because the Messengers 'alaihimussalaatuwassalaam conveyed the message to them, and this nation of Muhammad sallalaahu'alaihiwasallam, it will bear witness against them. He the Most High said:

And likewise We made you the best and a justly balanced nation so that you should be witnesses against mankind, and the Messenger should be a witness upon you. [2:143]

So this nation will bear witness against the previous nations on the Day of Resurrection that their Messengers conveyed the messages of Allaah to them, based upon what they find in the Book of Allaah the Mighty and Majestic, because Allaah has narrated to us the news of the previous nations and of the Messengers and of what they said to their nations. All of this we know from the Book of Allaah the Mighty and Majestic, which is not approached by falsehood from in front nor from behind, which is revelation sent down by the One who is All-Wise, the One Deserving of All Praise.

And the Messenger he will be ... [2:143]

He is Muhammad sallalaahu'alaihiwasallam, he will be upon you O nation of Muhammad a witness, he will witness upon you with Allaah that he indeed established the proof upon you and that he conveyed the message to you and that he sincerely advised you for Allaah's sake. So no proof will remain on the Day of Resurrection for a person to say, "Nothing reached me. No warner came to me". Even the unbelievers, they will confess when they are thrown into the fire. He the Most High said:

Whenever a crowd of them are thrown into the fire its keepers will ask them, "Did not a warner come to you?" They will say, "Yes indeed a warner came to us, but we denied, and we said Allaah did not send down anything, you are upon great misguidance." [67:8-9]

They said to the Messengers, "You are upon misguidance." So they denied the Messengers and they declared them to be upon misguidance.

This is the wisdom in the sending of the Messengers – to establish the proof upon the people, and to guide whomever Allaah wished to guide. The Messengers, Allaah guides through them whoever He wishes, and He establishes the proof upon those who obstinately refuse and deny and disbelieve.

Just as we sent a Messenger to Pharaoh [73:15]

The Messenger here is Moosaa 'alaihissalaatuwassalaam and the Pharaoh, he was the tyrannical king in Egypt the one who claimed lordship for himself, and the Pharaoh was the title of every king of Egypt – he was called a Pharaoh. And what is meant by it here is the Pharaoh who claimed ruboobiyyah (lordship) for himself.

That he said: "I am you highest lord." [79:24]

So the Pharaoh disobeyed the Messenger [73:16]

He was Moosaa, Pharaoh disbelieved in him just as Allaah has narrated in His Book, narrating what occurred between Moosaa and the Pharaoh, and how the affair of the Pharaoh and his people ended up.

So we seized him with punishment [73:16]

Meaning: We seized Pharaoh with punishement and it was that Allaah drowned him, him and his people, in the ocean. Then he entered him into the fire.

Because of their sins they were drowned, and they were entered into fire. [71:25]

So he is in the fire in the *Barzakh* (the intermediate life after death and before the Day of Resurrection). He the Most High said:

The fire, they are exposed to it morning and evening [40:46]

This is in the *Barzakh* before the hereafter, they are exposed to the fire morning and evening, until the Hour is established, and this is a proof for 'Adhaab-ul-Qabr (punishment of the grave), and Allaah's refuge is sought.

And on the Day when the Hour is established it will be said, "Enter the people of Pharaoh into the severest torment. [40:46]

This is three punishments:

Firstly: that Allaah drowned them and wiped them out, all of them in a simgle moment.

Secondly: that they are being punished in the *Barzakh* until the hour is established.

Thirdly: that when they are raised up on the Day of Resurrection they will enter the severest torment, and Allaah's refuge is sought.

And likewise will be the case with those who disobey Muhammad sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam, for his outcome will be more severe than the outcome of the people of Pharaoh, because Muhammad is the most excellent one of the Messengers. So whoever disobeys him, his punishment will be worse.

With severe punishment [73:16]

It means severe and strong with no leniency.

And thus is the punishment of your Lord when He punishes the towns for their wrongdoing. His punishment is painful and severe. [11:102]

So this aayah is a proof for Allaah's bestowing favour upon us by the sending of the Messenger Muhammad sallallaahu'alaihiwasallam to us, and that the purpose behind his being sent is that he should make clear to us the way to worship. So whoever obeys him will enter paradise, and whoever disobeys him will enter the fire, just as the people of Pharoah entered the fire when the disobeyed their messenger Moosaa 'alaihissalaatuwassalaam.

And likewise the enemies of the Messengers, all of them, this is their way and their path.